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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/564,958	01/18/2006	Prakash Patel	056258-5127	5382	
9629	7590 06/28/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
MORGAN LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP			KLEMANSKI, HELENE G		
	DN, DC 20004		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	•		1755		
			DATE MAILED: 06/28/2006	DATE MAILED: 06/28/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/564,958	PATEL, PRAKASH				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
_		Helene Klemanski	1755				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	-			
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Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3)	==, <b>-</b> =						
	closed in accordance with the practice under E						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the E	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	1(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive	on No				
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	• • • •	d.				
Attachmen	t(s)						
2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/18/06</u> . 6) Other:							

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Information Disclosure Statement

1. The references cited in the Search Report dated October 18, 2004 have been considered.

# Specification

2. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it is more than one paragraph in length. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 2 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- In claims 2 and 17, the phrase "in the presence of a suitable nitrogen source (if required)" is considered vague and indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations preceding the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP 2173.05(d). The use of this phrase suggests that the claimed composition may be produced to the desired end product with or without the inclusion of those components (i.e. limitations). Therefore, one must resort to conjecture to ascertain applicants

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intended point. The examiner suggests the deletion of the term "(if required)" and adding the phrase "optionally in the presence of a suitable nitrogen source" in its place to overcome the rejection.

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### **Double Patenting**

5. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In *re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

6. Claims 1-24 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-40 of copending Application No. 10/564,935. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the present application overlap said copending claims and would be obvious thereby.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

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# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claims 1, 4-16 and 19-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over WO 99/67334.

WO 99/67334 teaches compounds of the formula

$$M_{v}Pc - (SO_{2}NH_{2})_{y}$$

$$(SO_{2}NR^{1}R^{2})_{z}$$

wherein M represents a metal such as Cu or Ni; Pc represents a phthalocyanine nucleus;  $R^1$  represents H or  $-(CH2)_nR^3$ ;  $R^2$  represents  $-(CH2)_nR^3$  or  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached represent a 5- or 6-membered ring; n is independently an integer from 1-30;  $R^3$  is independently a group selected from hydroxy, sulpho, cyano,  $-SR^4$ ,  $-CO_2R^5$ ,  $-PO_3H_2$  and  $-NR^6R^7$ ;  $R^4$ - $R^7$  independently represent H,  $C_{1-30}$  alkyl optionally substituted by one or more groups selected from hydroxy, mercapto, sulpho, carboxy, cyano and  $-PO_3H_2$ ; v is the valence of Pc divided by the valence of M; x is from 1.2-3.8; y is from 0.1-2.7; z is from 0.1-2.7 and x, y and z satisfy  $2 \le x+y+z \le 4$ . The above formula includes all chemical and physical forms

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thereof (i.e.  $\beta$ -substitution). WO 99/67334 also teaches an ink jet ink composition comprising 0.01 to 30 parts by weight of at least one of the above phthalocyanine compounds as the colorant (i.e. dye mixture) and 70-99.99 parts by weight of a liquid medium. WO 99/67334 further teaches a process for printing comprising ejecting the above ink jet ink composition onto a substrate. See page 1, line 25 – page 2, line 31, page 3, lines 5-30, page 4, lines 28-38, page 5, lines 25-32, page 7, lines 4-5, page 9, lines 3-20, examples 1-15, page 15, lines 10-23, Tables I-IX and claims 1 and 3-5. WO 99/67334 fails to specifically exemplify that the substituents on the phthalocyanine ring are in the  $\beta$ -position or an ink containing a mixture of phthalocyanine dyes as claimed by applicants.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to use the specific  $\beta$ -substituted phthalocyanine dye and an ink containing a mixture of phthalocyanine dyes as claimed by applicants as WO 99/67334 also discloses the use of these  $\beta$ -substituted phthalocyanine dyes and mixture of phthalocyanine dyes but fails to show an example incorporating them.

#### Conclusion

The remaining references listed on forms 892 and 1449 have been reviewed by the examiner and are considered to be cumulative to or less material than the prior art references relied upon in the above rejections.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Helene Klemanski whose telephone number is (571) 272-1370. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 5:30-2:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jerry Lorengo can be reached on (571) 272-1233. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) 6 57 1-272-1000

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Primary Examiner

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une 25, 2006